

Answers 6

Problem 1

$$a^5 = 9,84658,04768 \quad a = d_1d_2d_3$$

Step 1. Since the last digit of a^5 is 8, the last digit of a must be $d_5 = 8$, or $a = d_1d_28$.

Step 2. If a were 100, then $a^5 = 1,00000,00000$. If a were 200, then $a^5 = 32,00000,00000$. Since $a^5 = 9,84658,04768$ lies between these, the first digit d_1 must be 1, or $a = 1d_28$.

Step 3. Since $a^5 \bmod 9 = 2$, then it must be that $a \bmod 9 = 5$. What d_3 would cause $a = 1d_28$ to have a mod 9 of 5. We see $158 \bmod 9 = 5$, so $a = \mathbf{158}$.

Problem 2

$$a^5 = 1886,65362,36032 \quad a = d_1d_2d_3$$

Step 1. Since the last digit of a^5 is 2 the last digit of a must be $d_5 = 2$, or $a = d_1d_22$.

Step 2. If a were 400, then $a^5 = 1024,00000,00000$. If a were 500, then $a^5 = 3125,00000,00000$. Since $a^5 = 1886,65362,36032$ lies between these, the first digit d_1 must be 4, or $a = 4d_22$.

Step 3. Since $a^5 \bmod 9 = 5$, then it must be that $a \bmod 9 = 2$. What d_3 would cause $a = 4d_22$ to have a mod 9 of 2. We see $452 \bmod 9 = 2$, so $a = \mathbf{452}$.

Problem 3

$$a^5 = 92721,65023,65625 \quad a = d_1d_2d_3$$

Step 1. Since the last digit of a^5 is 5, the last digit of a must be $d_5 = 5$, or $a = d_1d_25$.

Step 2. If a were 900, then $a^5 = 59049,00000,00000$. If a were 1,000, then $a^5 = 1,00000,00000,00000$. Since $a^5 = 92721,65023,65625$ lies between these, the first digit d_1 must be 9, or $a = 9d_25$.

Step 3. Since $a^5 \bmod 9 = 7$, then it must be that $a \bmod 9 = 4$. What d_3 would cause $a = 9d_25$ to have a mod 9 of 4. We see $985 \bmod 9 = 4$, so $a = \mathbf{985}$.

Problem 4

$$a^5 = 11964,33987,33024 \quad a = d_1d_2d_3$$

Step 1. Since the last digit of a^5 is 4, the last digit of a must be $d_5 = 4$, or $a = d_1d_24$.

Step 2. If a were 600, then $a^5 = 7776,00000,00000$. If a were 700, then $a^5 = 16807,00000,00000$. Since $a^5 = 11964,33987,33024$ lies between these, the first digit d_1 must be 6, or $a = 6d_24$.

Step 3. Since $a^5 \bmod 9 = 0$, then it must be that $a \bmod 9 = 0, 3$, or 6 . What values of d_3 would cause $a = 6d_24$ to have a mod 9 of 0, 3, and 6?

For $d_2 = \mathbf{8}$, then $684 \bmod 9 = 0$. For $d_2 = \mathbf{2}$, then $624 \bmod 9 = 3$. For $d_2 = \mathbf{5}$, then $654 \bmod 9 = 6$. To decide between $d_3 = 8, 2$, and 5 , we need to go back to Step 1. Was 11964 close to 7776, close to 16807, or in the middle? Since 11964 is about half-way between, we chose $d_2 = 5$, and the answer is $a = \mathbf{654}$.

Problem 6

a	a^3	last digit of a^3	$a^3 \bmod 9$
last digit of a $a \bmod 9$			
9	729	9	x
8	512	2	8
7	343	3	1
6	216	6	0
5	125	5	8
4	64	4	1
3	27	7	0
2	8	8	8
1	1	1	1
0	0	0	0

$a^3 = 146,363,183$. $a = d_1d_2d_3$

Step 1. Since the last digit of a^3 is 3, the last digit of $a = d_1d_2d_3$ must be $d_3 = 7$, or $a = d_1d_27$.

Step 2. If a were 500, then $a^3 = 125,000,000$. If a were 600, then $a^3 = 216,000,000$. Since $a^3 = 146,363,183$ lies between these, the first digit d_1 must be 5, or $a = 5d_27$.

Step 3. $146,363,183 \bmod 9 = 8$, so $a^3 \bmod 9 = 2, 5, \text{ or } 8$. What values of d_3 would cause $a = 5d_27$ to have a mod 9 of 2, 5, and 8? For $d_2 = 8$, then $587 \bmod 9 = 2$. For $d_2 = 2$, then $527 \bmod 9 = 5$. For $d_2 = 5$, then $557 \bmod 9 = 8$. To decide between $d_3 = 2, 5, \text{ and } 8$, we need to go back to Step 1. Was 146 close to 125, close to 216, or in the middle? Since 146 is close to 125, we chose $d_2 = 2$, and the answer is $a = 527$.